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► **To cite this version:**

Thomas Gautier, Isabelle Schmitz-Afonso, Nathalie Carrasco, D. Touboul, Cyril Szopa, et al.. HPLC-Orbitrap analysis for identification of organic molecules in complex material. European planetary science congress (EPSC), Sep 2015, Nantes, France. pp.801-802. insu-01208003

**HAL Id: insu-01208003**

**<https://hal-insu.archives-ouvertes.fr/insu-01208003>**

Submitted on 1 Oct 2015

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## HPLC-Orbitrap analysis for identification of organic molecules in complex material

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### Abstract

We performed High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) coupled to Orbitrap High Resolution Mass Spectrometry (OHRMS) analysis of Titan's tholins. This analysis allowed us to determine the exact composition and structure of some of the major components of tholins.

### 1. Introduction

Influx of solar photons and heavy charged particles from Saturn's magnetosphere on Titan's atmosphere - mainly comprised of methane and nitrogen - induce an intense organic photochemistry, which leads to the formation of a large amount of aerosols in suspension in the atmosphere [1]. The exact composition of these aerosols still remains unknown. A fruitful proxy to investigate these aerosols is the use of laboratory experiments that allow producing and studying laboratory analogs of Titan aerosol, so called tholins. We propose here an analysis of tholins with HPLC-OHRMS to unveil the isomeric ambiguity on some of the major compounds among the ~15,000 molecular peaks detected in tholins by high resolution mass spectrometry [3].

### 2. Methods

Tholins analyzed were produced with the PAMPRE [2] experimental platform at LATMOS, France, and prepared following the protocol detailed in Gautier et al. 2014 [3]. For strict identification of the compounds, chromatograms of tholins were compared to those of high purity standards corresponding to the possible isomers of the most intense molecules detected in tholins OHR mass spectrum [3].

Both tholins and standard compounds were analyzed by HPLC-OHRMS. HPLC was performed on a HPLC Ultimate 3000 system (Dionex) coupled with a LTQ-Orbitrap (ThermoScientific) equipped with an Electrospray Ionization Source (ESI). Analyses were performed in positive ionization mode. We tested three different chromatographic columns to get complementary separation on the compounds tested (octadecyl, cyano and aminopropyl columns).

### 3. Results

We tested 13 different standard compounds representing possible isomeric composition of 8 of the major molecules detected within tholins using OHRMS. Figure 1 presents a typical chromatogram for a comparison between our tholins sample with a mix of standard at  $m/z$  84.056 on the aminopropyl column.

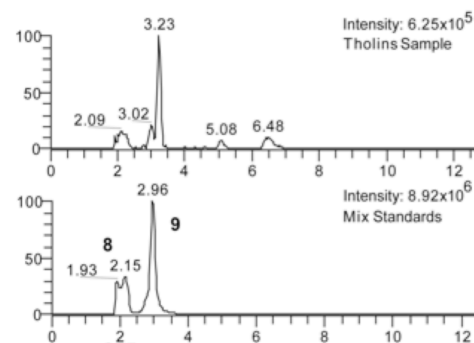


Figure 1: Comparative chromatogram at  $m/z$  84.056 of tholins (top) and a mix of 3-aminopyrazole and 1-methyl-1,2,4-triazole.

Among the compounds tested we were able to strictly identify 6 compounds to be present in tholins. We also determined that 5 of the compounds tested were not present in significant amount, including Hexamethylenetetramine.

All the compounds confirmed has a high content in nitrogen with a ratio N/C comprised between 1.25 and 2, and most of these compounds include heterocycles.

#### **4. Conclusion**

Even though N-bearing compounds do not form the entire material (some pure hydrocarbon compounds are detected by OHRMS), it is clear that N-bearing aromatics constitute a significant part of tholins material.

Our work also confirms the importance of having chromatographic separation in the case of such complex material comprising thousands of different molecules, such as Titan tholins, to identify the structure of the molecules detected by OHR-MS. We also point out that, at the very least, two columns are needed to identify compounds due to the high number of possible isomers for a given molecular peak detected in high resolution mass spectrometry.

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